

zebrix REST api starter guide

Introduction

Every zebrix REST API call required a token that has to be included in the request header. The token can be obtained with a login procedure.

login api

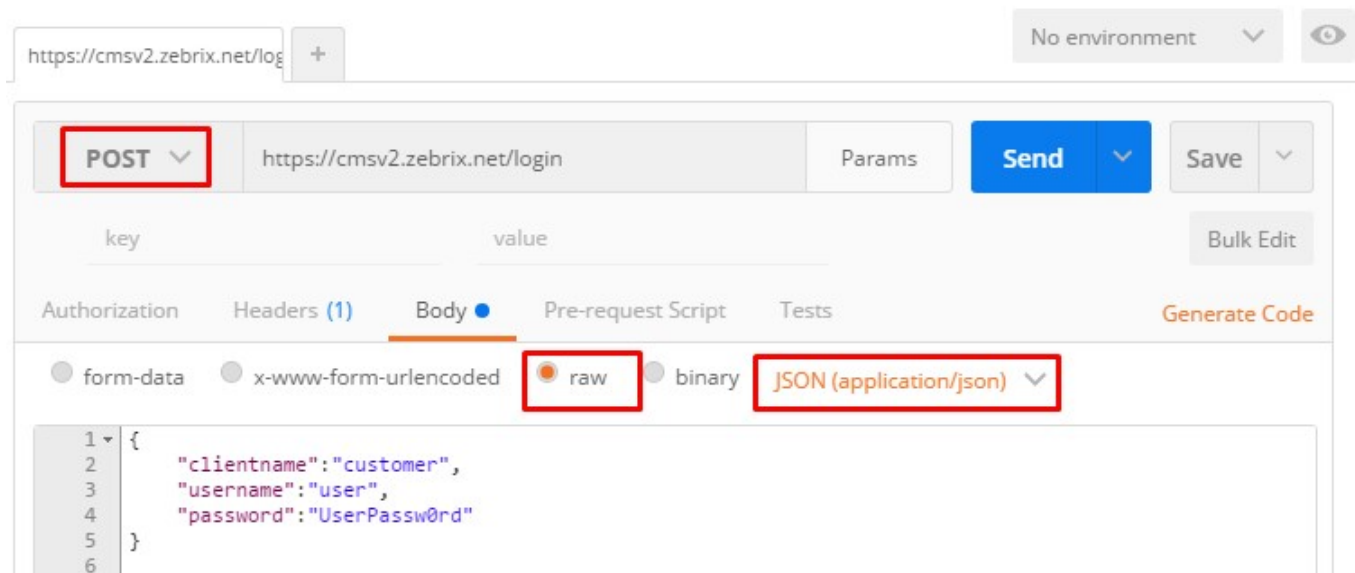
POST /login

Parameters has to be sent in the JSON format

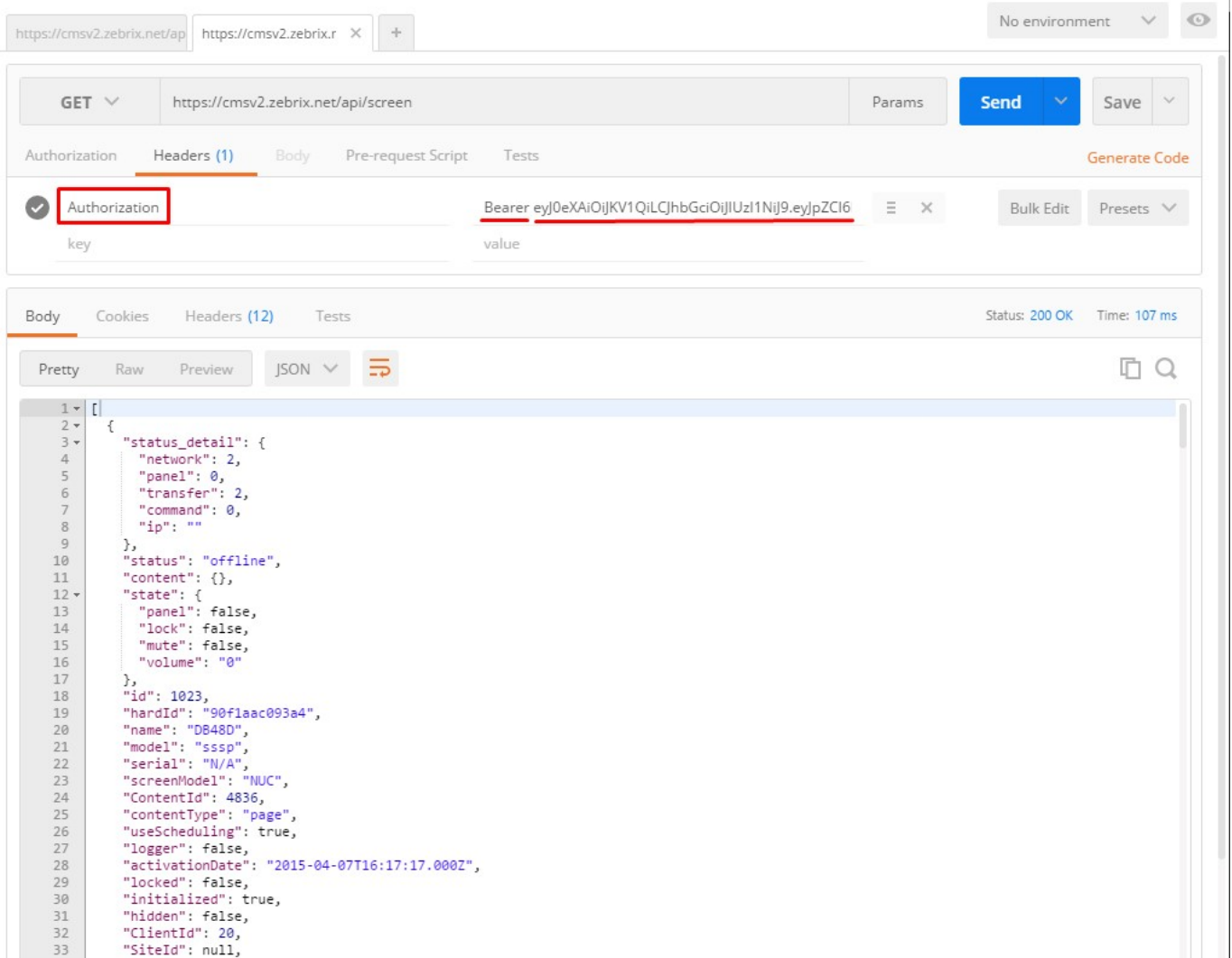
Parameters	
clientname	the customer name
username	the username
password	the user password

login demo with "POSTMAN" (Google Chrome Extension)

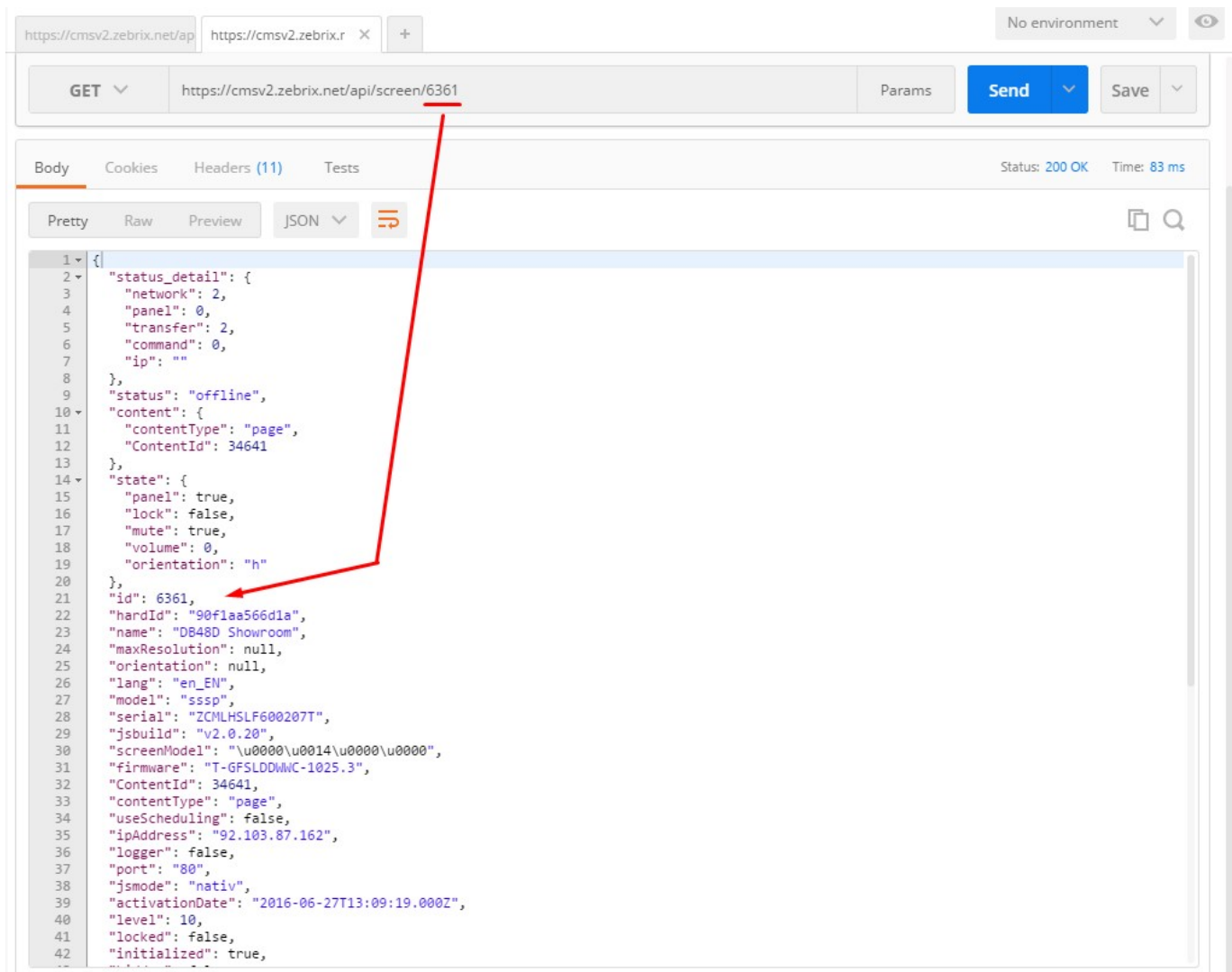
Call



Return



To get information for a specific screen, its unique id can be added in the URL. For example, we want to get information about the screen with the id 6361 :



How to set content on a screen?

Basically, you will have to post the following JSON

```
{'contentType': "page", 'ContentId': contentId, 'useScheduling': False}
```

* **contentType (string):** possible value « page » and « playlist »

- **contentId (integer)** : id of the content you want to set
- **useScheduling (boolean)** : false is mandatory when setting an arbitrary content.

To go back to schedule mode, you only need to POST the following JSON

```
{'useScheduling': True}
```

to the following URL:

```
POST : https://cmsv2.zebrix.net/api/screen/{screenID}/setContent
```

To get ID of pages and playlist, you can make a GET request to following URLs:

- /api/screen
- /api/page
- /api/playlist

How to use API for datasource

Introduction to datasource

In zebrix a **datasource** is basically one row from a database.

As an example let take a table from DB containing information about 4 meeting rooms. Each meeting room has 4 properties :

- ROOM (room name)
- VISITOR (current visitor who uses the meeting room)
- SEATS
- HASBEAMER

	A	B	C	D
1	ROOM	VISITOR	SEATS	HASABEAMER
2	<u>Yellow room</u>	MORA	6	<u>true</u>
3	<u>Dark Room</u>	BARCO	0	<u>false</u>
4	<u>White Room</u>	<u>Zebrix</u>	8	<u>false</u>
5	<u>Black Room</u>	<u>Audi</u>	10	<u>true</u>
6				

In zebrix this table of 4 meeting rooms will requires 4 datasources (i.e. meeting room 1, meeting room 2, meeting room 3, meeting room 4). Each line/datasource will contains all columns / fields in a JSON.

Get all datasources

GET /api/datasource/:id

All datasources will be returned with all their properties (including their content)

Using our meeting rooms example, here is the result you will get :

```
111 {
112   "defaults": {
113     "ROOM": "Black Room",
114     "VISITOR": "Audi",
115     "SEATS": "10",
116     "HASABEAMER": "true"
117   },
118   "id": 1010,
119   "name": "test14",
120   "createdAt": "2016-04-29T14:53:26.000Z",
121   "updatedAt": "2016-04-29T14:57:11.000Z",
122   "ClientId": 20,
123   "TaxoId": null,
124   "taxo": null
125 },
126 {
127   "defaults": {
128     "ROOM": "Yellow room",
129     "VISITOR": "MORA",
130     "SEATS": "6",
131     "HASABEAMER": "true"
132   },
133   "id": 1011,
134   "name": "test21",
135   "createdAt": "2016-04-29T14:59:58.000Z",
136   "updatedAt": "2016-04-29T14:59:58.000Z",
137   "ClientId": 20,
138   "TaxoId": null,
139   "taxo": null
140 },
```

These datasources can be used by users in their page by following instructions on that page (section 5) ([Using datasources in Zebrix](#))

Please notice that some datasources are auto-generated by zebrix when the functionality of “zone with variable content” is used. These datasources can be easily recognized with their name which always begin with double underscore + page + id of the concerned page.





```
{
  "defaults": {
    "__54488": [
      {
        "MediumId": 26368,
        "index": 0,
        "properties": {
          "customCrop": false,
          "backgroundSize": 100,
          "backgroundPosH": 50,
          "backgroundPosV": 50
        }
      }
    ]
  },
  "id": 418,
  "name": "__page_16716",
  "createdAt": "2015-12-02T11:59:45.000Z",
  "updatedAt": "2015-12-02T12:01:32.000Z",
  "ClientId": 20,
  "TaxoId": 589,
  "taxo": {
    "targets": {},
    "id": 589,
    "name": "Sites",
    "color": "info"
  }
},
```

How to add a new datasource to zebrix

POST /api/datasource/

The content of the datasource has to be JSON encoded and put as an object in a defaults variable.

```
1 {
2   "defaults":{
3     "companyName":"zebrix",
4     "trainingTopic":"zebrix api usage",
5     "trainer":"Pierre",
6     "duration":"3 hours",
7     "misc":"test"
8   }
9 }
```

Example of usage :

https://cmsv2.zebrix.net/ap https://cmsv2.zebrix.net/ap https://cmsv2.zebrix.r X +

POST <https://cmsv2.zebrix.net/api/datasource>

Authorization Headers (2) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests

form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary **JSON (application/json)**

```
1 {
2   "defaults":{
3     "companyName":"zebrix",
4     "trainingTopic":"zebrix api usage",
5     "trainer":"Pierre",
6     "duration":"2 hours"
7   }
8 }
```

JSON which is POSTed to the API

Body Cookies Headers (11) Tests

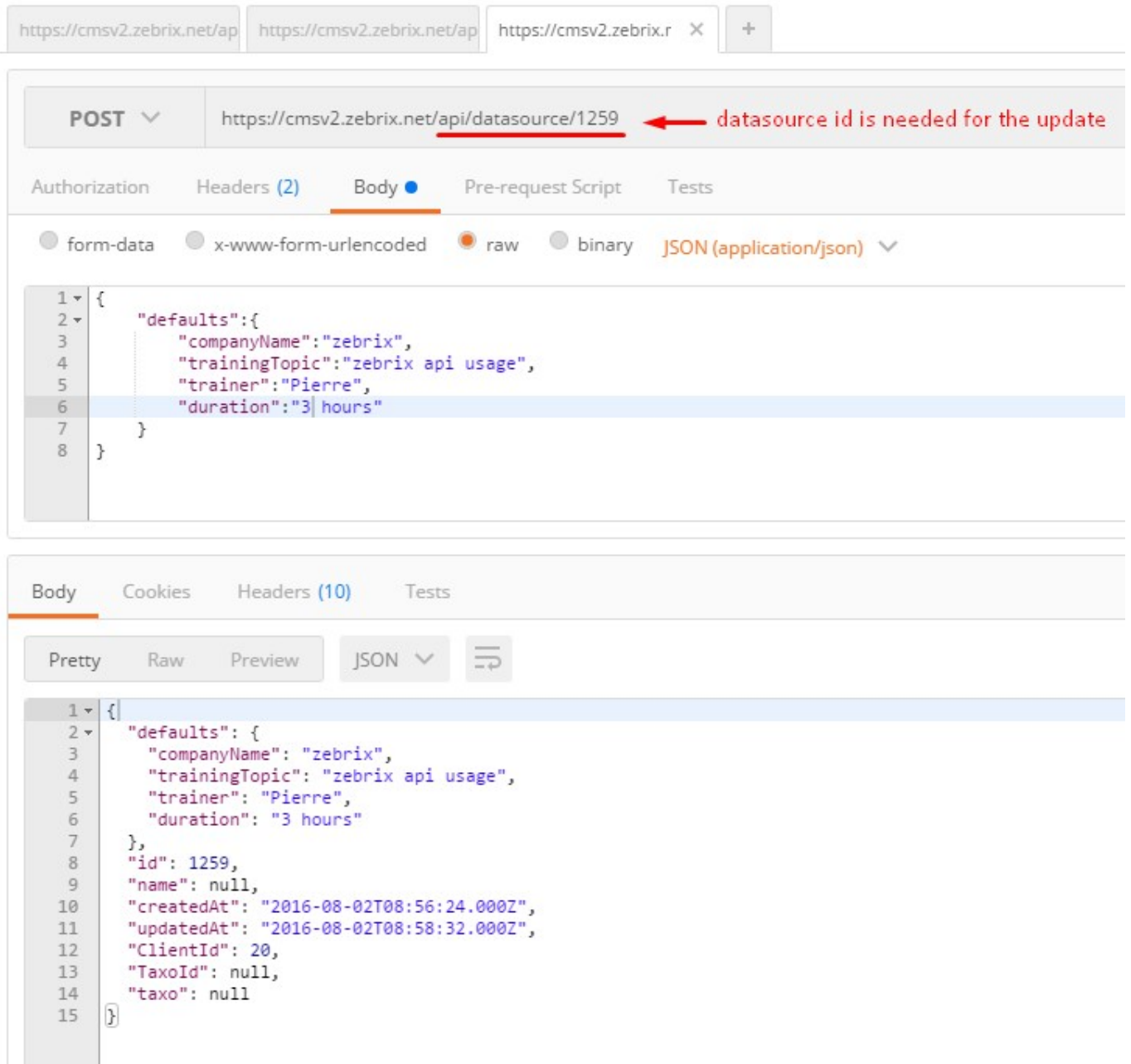
Pretty Raw Preview **JSON**

```
1 {
2   "defaults": {
3     "companyName": "zebrix",
4     "trainingTopic": "zebrix api usage",
5     "trainer": "Pierre",
6     "duration": "2 hours"
7   },
8   "id": 1259,
9   "clientId": 20,
10  "updatedAt": "2016-08-02T08:56:24.000Z",
11  "createdAt": "2016-08-02T08:56:24.000Z"
12 }
```

Datasource JSON which is returned after the add

How to update an existing datasource

POST [/api/datasource/:id](#)

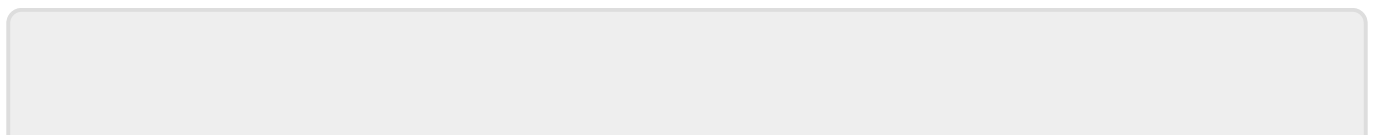


The update process works the same as a creation but the id of the datasource need to be specified.

How to force screens to update

POST /api/screens/updateds

When a datasource is updated screens that display this datasource will not be update until the updateds is called. This API is usually called after update of a datasource. Is displayed pages contain multiple datasources it is adviced to call the updateds method at the end of the update process of all datasources instead of after every datasource update to limit ressources and bandwidth usage.



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